



C4SL Phase 2 Project – Summary of Progress to 31st December 2018

The C4SL project has now been actively running for 11 months out of a planned 24 months' programme. This note summarises the progress that has been made on the project.

The Project Manager team (Nicola Harries (CL:AIRE), Simon Firth and Naomi Earl) has been working hard throughout and has been successful in achieving timely deliverables and of the requisite technical quality from the participants. Deliverables comprise:

- Proformas (spreadsheets of initial toxicological data which are subject to several stages of detailed check and reviews to ensure a high quality deliverable)
- A written toxicological report and
- A combined full C4SL report comprising the toxicological report and the exposure modelling report.

Specific nominated individuals of the Project Steering Group (SG) comment on the proforma and the toxicological report. The whole SG will comment on the full report, provide consolidated to the Project Manager Team for consideration and on delivery of a final version, assess whether the output is accepted as a C4SL value.

The project is aiming to deliver a full C4SL report for each of 20 contaminants. From an initial programming viewpoint, contaminants are being worked on in batches of four, with specific C4SL reports being published as and when they are completed. A summary table is presented below to illustrate progress on deliverables for the first three batches of contaminants:

Batch	Contaminant	Proforma	Toxicological report	Full C4SL Report	Actions to Achieve Final Status
1	Trichloroethene	Complete	Complete	Draft complete	Resolving SG Comments
1	Vinyl Chloride	Complete	Complete	Draft complete	Resolving SG Comments
1	Naphthalene	Complete	Being prepared		
1	Tetrachloroethene	Complete	Complete	Being prepared	
2	Cis-1,2-dichloroethene	Being prepared (Early stage)			
2	Trans-1,2-dichloroethene	Being prepared (Interim stage)			
2	1,2-dichloroethane	Complete			
2	1,1,1-trichloroethane	Being prepared (Final stage)			
3	Free cyanide	Being prepared (Early stage)			
3	Complex cyanide	Being prepared (Early stage)			
3	Inorganic mercury	Being prepared (Final stage)			
3	Beryllium	Being prepared (Early stage)			

The key challenge remains that the project relies upon a core of individuals undertaking large amounts of voluntary work that must be dovetailed with business commitments. During January, the Project Manager team has been re-evaluating the process to establish whether efficiencies can be made, not only to alleviate the extent of contributor's commitments, but also establish whether streamlining can save time.

Hannah White

C4SL Steering Group Chair